poziom A2

Japan prepares for foreign workers

Japan is changing its immigration policy because it needs workers. Japan is an aging society. This means it does not have enough workers to work in many jobs. Japan's government has decided to allow many workers from other countries to come to Japan to help fill the jobs. Japan's Prime Minister Shinzo Abe said his government will meet on December 28 to approve the plan. If the plan is approved, it will become law on April 1. The new law would allow up to 345,000 foreign workers to help with labour shortages. Many of these workers will work in the construction, fishing, healthcare and agriculture industries. They will be largely low-skilled workers and will need to pass a Japanese language test.

Japan's Chief Cabinet Secretary Yoshihide Suga said that Japan had to change and allow more foreign workers in to help the economy. He also said the government would make sure the foreign workers can quickly adjust to life in smaller Japanese cities and towns. He said: "We want to ensure they have the right environment in which to live and work." Japanese people are having fewer children. The fertility rate is now only 1.4 children per woman and it should be 2.1 for Japan to have enough own nationality workers. Japan's population is already dropping by about 400,000 people a year.

(adapted from breakingnewsenglish.com)



Ex. 1 Find in the reading text the English equivalents of these words:

- 1. zagraniczny
- 2. rząd
- 3. państwo
- 4. budownicwo
- 5. gospodarka
- 6. narodowość

Ex. 2 What collocations can you make with the words in these two boxes?

aging / fertility / foreign / immigration / labour / language

policy / rate / shortage / society / test / worker

- 1. _____ 2. _____
- 3. _____
- 4. _____
- 5.

 6.

Ex. 3 Translate these sentences using words from the exercises above:

- 1. Pracownicy zagraniczni muszą zdać test językowy.
- Obserwujemy (*observe*) poważne (serious) niedobory pracowników w sektorze budowlanym.
- Odpowiednia (*right*) polityka imigracyjna może być rozwiązaniem (*solution*) dla starzejącego się społeczeństwa.

I know English idioms:

The last sentence of the text reads: "Japan's population is already <u>dropping</u> by about 400,000 people a year." It uses the verb "drop" (spaść, zmaleć). The one can be part of idiomatic expressions, such as this:

- to drop a hint = to suggest something without saying it directly (rzucić aluzję)
- > He dropped a few hints about possible redundancies in the department.

Phrasals, phrasals...

And here's how "drop" can be used as a phrasal verb:

- to drop sb/sth off = to take someone or something to a particular place, usually by car (podrzucić)
- > They dropped us off at the airport while they were going to the city center.

Grammar corner...

Let's observe this fragment of the text: "Japan's Chief Cabinet Secretary Yoshihide Suga <u>said</u> that Japan <u>had to</u> change and allow more foreign workers in to help the economy. He also <u>said</u> the government <u>would make</u> sure the foreign workers can quickly adjust to life in smaller Japanese cities and towns." The underlined parts are examples of reported speech (mowa zależna). What we can notice is the tense change after the introductory verb ("said"): "had to" from originally "have to" and "would (make)" from "will (make)".

GLOSSARY	
to prepare	przygotowywać się
foreign	zagraniczny
worker	pracownik
immigration policy	polityka imigracyjna
aging society	starzejące się społeczeństwo
to mean	oznaczać
enough	wystarczająco
government	rząd
to allow	zezwolić
country	kraj
to fill jobs	zapełnić miejsca pracy
Prime Minister	premier
to approve	zatwierdzić
to become law	stać się prawem
labour shortage	niedobór pracowników
construction	budownictwo
fishing	rybołówstwo
healthcare	służba zdrowia
agriculture	rolnictwo
industry	przemysł, tu: sektor
largely	głównie
low-skilled	niewykwalifikowany
to pass	zdać
language test	test językowy
Chief Cabinet Secretary	główny sekretarz gabinetu
economy	gospodarka
to make sure / to ensure	zapewnić
quickly	szybko
to adjust	przystosować się
right	właściwy
environment	środowisko
fewer	mniej
fertility rate	współczynnik płodności
nationality	narodowość
to drop	maleć

ANSWER KEY

Ex.1

- 1. foreign
- 2. government
- 3. country
- 4. construction
- 5. economy
- 6. nationality

Ex.2

- 1. aging society
- 2. fertility rate
- 3. foreign worker
- 4. immigration policy
- 5. labour shortage
- 6. language test

Ex.3

- 1. Foreign workers must / have to pass a language test.
- 2. We can observe serious labour shortages in the construction industry / sector.
- 3. The right immigration policy may be a solution for the aging society.